UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE

BOMBARDIER INC.,)
Plaintiff,) CASE NO. C18-1543-JLR
V.) SEATTLE, WASHINGTON) January 17, 2019
MITSUBISHI AIRCRAFT CORPORATION, MITSUBISHI AIRCRAFT CORPORATION AMERICA INC., et al.,) TELEPHONIC CONFERENCE)
Defendants.)

VERBATIM REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS
BEFORE THE HONORABLE JAMES L. ROBART
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff: JOHN D. DENKENBERGER

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For the Defendants: MARK A. BAILEY

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January 17, 2019 2:30 p.m. 1 **PROCEEDINGS** 2 3 THE COURT: Good afternoon, counsel. This is Judge Robart. May I have an appearance, please, from the person 4 who is going to be speaking for each of the parties? 5 MR. DENKENBERGER: Your Honor, this is John 6 Denkenberger from Christensen O'Connor Johnson & Kindness on 7 8 behalf of the plaintiff Bombardier. MR. RIEDINGER: And Jerry Riedinger speaking on 9 behalf of Mitsubishi Aircraft America, and just to be 10 complete, two of my partners are listening in but won't 11 be speaking, and that's James Sanders and Mary Gaston. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. 13 MR. BAILEY: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Mark Bailey 14 at Karr Tuttle Campbell, and I represent Aero TEC and three 15 of the named individuals. 16 17 THE COURT: All right. Counsel, I'm just going to riff for a little bit here, and 18 then I'm going to ask you why can't we do it the way I want 19 to do it, so make yourselves at home. 20 21 We've taken this matter over from Judge Jones. I know all 22 of you practice here in the Western District. We have a personnel shortage that's causing havoc in that there are 23 only four acting judges left. 24

Normally what I would suggest is this case be handled in

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the following manner:

I would have expected to see the plaintiff filing a standard protective order for entry by the court as one of the, probably, first five docket entries. We found what seems to be some kind of informally agreed-to protective order, but it's not signed and it's not filed and I haven't approved it, although it looks to be in fairly good shape. So that's kind of my first question.

My second question is, if you have a protective order in place, then we ought to be able to have whatever both sides are doing continue while we address the two sets of pending motions that are of greatest interest to us, which would probably be to take up the motion to dismiss next because, as I understand it, it's fully briefed and you don't need additional discovery. And then depending on the outcome of that motion, we would turn to the motion for preliminary injunction, which will hang around until you get to trial.

So, Mr. Denkenberger, I'll start with you. How does your client feel we ought to handle this?

MR. DENKENBERGER: Well, Your Honor, we do not object to you taking up the motion to dismiss first. It would be, as Your Honor's suggested, case dispositive if, in fact, it were -- in case that we did not plead it within the standard 12(b)(6). So we have no objection, Your Honor, to going first with the motion to dismiss and then the motion for

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preliminary injunction. But we are interested, Your Honor,
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    in moving quickly to the motion for preliminary injunction at
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    the court's convenience.
             THE COURT: Well, if you have a protective order in
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    place, how much of an interference is it with your client's
    operations, if we have some period of delay, while I deal
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    with the motion to dismiss and then the motion for
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    preliminary injunction?
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             MR. DENKENBERGER: That's a great -- great question,
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    Your Honor. The defendants are, as we allege, moving very
    quickly towards certification, and every day that
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    certification is continuing towards that end, it is causing
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    us harm.
        If -- if we -- I'm sorry I can't be more direct, Your
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    Honor, but we are being harmed by the continued delay. I am
    sorry. I'm not sure how to answer that question directly,
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    Your Honor, but it is very urgent to us that we do get to the
    motion for preliminary injunction at the earliest
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    convenience, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Well, Mr. Riedinger, I'll turn to you
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    next, see how you do.
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             MR. RIEDINGER: Yes, Your Honor.
        First of all, you asked the question regarding the
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    informal agreement the parties submitted. That's because
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it's Judge Jones' practice to have the parties make such

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informal agreements and not have them signed by him, so we
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    were complying with his practice.
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        The parties also agree we need to make some modifications
              But we're willing to work very quickly with the
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    opposing side to come up with an agreed protective order that
    we could submit to you for your approval and signature. And
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    I don't think that would take an enormous amount of time.
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        In terms of the order, the motion to dismiss going first,
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    we have no problem with that.
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        In terms of the preliminary injunction --
             THE COURT: Let me stop you there.
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             MR. RIEDINGER:
                              I'm sorry.
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             THE COURT: Sorry to interrupt.
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        Do you agree that the motion to dismiss appears to be
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    fully briefed and that it does not need further discovery?
             MR. RIEDINGER:
                             That is correct. I'm speaking on
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    behalf of Mitsubishi Aircraft America. Of course, Aero TEC
    has their own motion as well. But our motion is certainly
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    fully brief and we do not need discovery on a motion to
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    dismiss.
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             THE COURT: All right. Let me go back to
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    Mr. Denkenberger for a moment.
        Do you need further discovery to respond to the motion to
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MR. DENKENBERGER: No, Your Honor.

dismiss?

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THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, Mr. Riedinger. You were going to finish up before I interrupted you.

MR. RIEDINGER: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.

On the motion for a preliminary injunction, I would just simply note that the conduct that they're complaining of happened years ago and, therefore, we do not see an urgency in resolving the preliminary injunction immediately. However, the longer this hangs over us, the more it has potential to impact the market. And so we would like to see a resolution at some point, but we do believe that the motion is one that can be resolved after the motion to dismiss, both sides. Both the Aero TEC and MITAC America motions on the Rule 12(b)(6) matter can be resolved.

THE COURT: All right. Counsel, the Ninth Circuit teaches me that if I rule on motions to dismiss, I'm supposed to seriously consider allowing amendment.

Is it your sense -- and anyone who wants to chime in first can feel free to do so. Is it your sense that if the motion to dismiss is granted but with leave to amend, what does that do to the case? I mean, is that likely where we go next, or is it likely that this is one shot, and we're in and out?

MR. RIEDINGER: Your Honor, speaking on behalf of Mitsubishi Aircraft America, we think that there is going to be an absence of facts applicable to us no matter what they do. I suspect that they would want to try to amend the

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complaint and add additional facts, but we don't believe
there simply are facts that are applicable to Mitsubishi
Aircraft America.
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When you look at the existing complaints, you can see that their facts are focused on other parties, and even then we think there is a deficiency. But regarding us, there is almost a complete dearth of anything other than conclusory statements, and we believe that's because there was a complete absence of facts.

THE COURT: Let's not --

MR. RIEDINGER: Now, I can't predict what they'll do --

THE COURT: Let's not get into the merits. I'm still trying to figure out who's on first here.

Mr. Bailey, you haven't had your chance to talk. What have you got to say?

MR. BAILEY: Thank you, Your Honor.

I agree that the motion to dismiss, it makes sense to do that first in that order, and that may resolve some issues. I think we have a little different position than MITAC America does insofar as, you know, candidly, frankly, I can -- I can envision the plaintiff re-pleading the facts with sufficiency against some of my clients, the individuals. I'm not so sure they can do so against Aero TEC, but I can't say that I'd be a hundred percent confident that this would

be a dismissal with prejudice.

THE COURT: All right. Well, let me tell you what I hear us saying here, and see if I can put some words in your mouths.

I would like to get a stipulated protective order. If it needs amendments, you know, make the amendments to me no later than noon next Friday. I'm giving you the weekend off, so I won't make it due on Monday, but we'll do it by next Friday at noon.

And you seem to have a pretty good start on a protective order. It's one that we commonly use. It's been doctored up a little bit, but that's not uncommon, particularly in trade secret cases.

Then the court will be inclined, then, to turn its attention, along with the other 213 matters that we're handling, to the motions to dismiss, and I understand that there are more than one. There's one from each of the defendants. Mr. Bailey, I'm doing a disservice to your individual clients, but I'm going to loop them all in there. We will try and get that out promptly. And then, depending on the result of that analysis, we would turn to the motion for preliminary injunction.

If we rule on the motion to dismiss and find that we need to give leave to amend, we would probably continue on with the motion for preliminary injunction anyway, as opposed to

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going through a second round of motions to dismiss.
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        Let me go to the top of the order here again.
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    Mr. Denkenberger, do you have any comments on that as a
    proposed plan of action?
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             MR. DENKENBERGER: No, Your Honor. That's acceptable
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             THE COURT: Mr. Riedinger?
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                             That's fine with us, Your Honor.
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             MR. RIEDINGER:
             THE COURT: Mr. Bailey?
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             MR. BAILEY: Yes, that sounds fine. Thank you.
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             THE COURT: All right. Well, let me apologize on
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    behalf of the court. I know that this is an important matter
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    to you-all and you've been around for a little bit of time,
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    but given the current status of the government, that's just
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    where we are these days.
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             MR. RIEDINGER: We understand. Your Honor.
             THE COURT: Anyway, I'll look forward to getting your
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    protective order by next week, and we'll try and take a look
    at the motions to dismiss after we work our way through a
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    couple other matters first.
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        Counsel, anything else I can do to ruin your day?
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             MR. BAILEY: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
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             THE COURT: All right, counsel. Thank you. I
    appreciate it. I look forward to working with you.
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                (The proceedings concluded at 2:42 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE

I, Nancy L. Bauer, CCR, RPR, Court Reporter for the United States District Court in the Western District of Washington at Seattle, do hereby certify that I was present in court during the foregoing matter and reported said proceedings stenographically.

I further certify that thereafter, I have caused said stenographic notes to be transcribed under my direction and that the foregoing pages are a true and accurate transcription to the best of my ability.

Dated this 1st day of February 2019.

/S/ Nancy L. Bauer

Nancy L. Bauer, CCR, RPR Official Court Reporter